

The Topeka State Journal.

TWO CENTS.

SATURDAY EVENING.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, FEBRUARY 8, 1896.

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JERRY WANTS IT.

Simpson is a Candidate for Congress.

So Tells the "Journal's" Washington Correspondent.

TWO YEARS OPEN AIR

Work and Exercise Have Made His Health Good.

Immensely Popular With All the Newspaper Men.

From the State Journal's Special Correspondent

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Jerry Simpson, who, when he came to congress, was heralded as a clown, and who went away respected for his ability and liked for his genial ways, has been in Washington for three or four days as a plain western farmer having a good time and watching the other fellows legislate. Jerry has been lecturing in the north and west, and stopping off at Washington to see old friends. He attended the meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance, and took in on congress before delivering some more lectures in Delaware and at other points on his way home. He expects to get back to Kansas in about three weeks.

"Want to see Jerry, do you?" said the ex-congressman, as he extended his hand to the JOURNAL correspondent, and smiled in his droll way. The JOURNAL man admitted that was exactly his mission, and Mr. Simpson said, "Well, let's go over here and sit down where we can enjoy life."

The conversation first turned naturally to politics, whether there would be fusion in Kansas, and whether Mr. Simpson would try to get back to congress at this year's election. Speaking of the probability of fusion, Jerry said:

"You know there has never been any real agreement between the Populists and Democrats. The Democrats simply voted our tickets. They are just fellows and want to do the proper thing. So one year they vote with the Republicans and the next year with us. Last year they went to the Republicans and this year it is our turn. They are a good deal like the fellow who goes to the doctor and says, 'I'll meet you up there (pointing heavenward) or down there (indicating the nether). I've got friends in both places.'"

"Do you expect to make the race for congress in the Seventh district?"

"Yes, I expect to, providing the boys are willing for me to do so, and I haven't heard of any opposition to my candidacy," and then, in referring to the defeat last time, "I tell you it was the best thing in the world for me. I am feeling almost well now. The Lord apparently knew just what I needed. I went out there onto the farm and rustled around outdoors in the pure fresh air and it braced me up. I am cultivating about 320 acres, and I've got to get back by about the first of March to put in my corn so it will get a good start before the dry weather sets in."

"You don't seem to have any hesitancy in disregarding the Lord's judgment you referred to by trying to come back to congress again?"

"There's something funny about that," said Jerry with a smile and a bright twinkle in his eyes, "when a man has once been here he never wants to go away and always wants to come back. There is a fascination about the life that clings to a fellow. The rest nothing in being in congress though. It is a pleasure, but it doesn't pay."

"It has been said that you that you saved money during your term."

"I know it but I didn't. A Kansas paper even charged that I got \$20,000 for one vote when as a matter of fact the measure carried by 35 majority and they didn't need any more votes. No, I lived economically while in congress but I didn't save anything. I might have done so if it hadn't been for my sickness but I had a couple of physicians over from New York, experts, and they are an expensive luxury you know. Then during my first term I spent a lot of money traveling over the country paying my own way and making speeches whooping up the boys and making such a speech myself, and I thought this whole country could be awakened and changed in a year. Yes, I imagined it would only take a little while, but as a matter of fact if a fellow starts out to do this revolutionizing of sentiment he's got a steady job."

"What do you think of the way the senate finance committee treated the revenue bill?" the correspondent asked.

"That was a pretty slick game of the Democrats when as now they've got the Republicans in a hole. If they vote against the amendment they vote against silver and if they vote for the amendment they vote against the tariff. It is a case of damned if you do and damned if you don't."

"What did you think of Tillman's speech," asked the correspondent.

"It was just what was needed. Some one was needed to stir up the corruption and Tillman had the nerve to do it. I shouldn't have made such a speech myself, but it was a good thing. There was a sore spot there and it wanted some one to pull of the scab. Tillman told some plain truths that every one knows. They condemn him for some of his statements and the papers criticize him, but at the time of the last bond deal the New York World said the very same things. They were not said in such plain, forcible language, but the same meaning was there. People forget about this."

"Mr. Simpson said he didn't believe the revenue bill if passed would yield additional revenue to the extent anticipated. When you put the tariff up," he said, "the revenues go down. When you protect you destroy revenues. The receipts the first year under the Wilson bill were larger than the last year of the McKinley bill. This proves that a protective tariff eventually does away with revenues."

"Referring again to the money question Mr. Simpson said with a sarcastic smile, 'Isn't it pretty game they have been playing these money gamblers? I tell you it has been a smooth, slick scheme.'"

While at the close of the war we had a debt of about a billion, which we paid off rapidly all the time, now on account of the constantly increased value of the dollar and the deals in bonds we are worse in debt than we were then."

"This fight for silver, as I predicted several years ago," he became a sectional one," he said. The so-called 'business interests' have been running the government and now the great agricultural class of the west and south, which is the foundation of all our interests, is going to take a hand. I don't say the fight is going to be won in a year or two years, but it will come."

Mr. Simpson thought the change would be brought about by some party getting a greater voice in congress, and made up of elements of all parties. The action of the conventions of the two older parties would slough of many this year he thought. He also predicted that the Republican party would declare for the gold standard. It was suggested that it would straddle the question but he said, "No, the gold men are aggressive, they are going to force the fight and it is my prediction that the Republican convention being controlled by gold men will declare for the single gold standard. If some Republicans don't look out," he added "they will find themselves outside the bulwarks."

"The silver sentiment is growing in the east, too. There is a lot of it here if it were only allowed to come to the surface. I made a speech up in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, the other day. There was no Sunday train out of the town and I had to stay over Sunday. Some Republicans who heard my speech came to me and took me down to their Republican club. They said to me, 'Jerry, you've got to come down here sometime and make a speech to us. We are just beginning to get a little light on this silver question and we want you to tell us about it.' And so there is silver sentiment even in the east but the leaders have kept it down."

Mr. Simpson made so many prophecies that he is almost entitled to be designated as the prophet of the future. He is worthy to be mentioned as that the next congress would have a majority of no one party. He hoped this would be true and he believed it would be. There would be three parties, no one having a majority, and the evil results of party legislation would be done away with."

He said he was glad he wasn't in this congress. "What could I have done here? I couldn't have got my head up. By the rules of the house they got me and I would have been below deck. As a member of a minority party I couldn't have done a thing."

The story that Mr. Simpson telegraphed to Washington on the eve of the meeting of the congress and said that he had left documents to his credit delivered to some one in Washington, Mr. Simpson denies, as utterly false.

I left an order at the document room which left Washington to have all our documents to my credit sent to Medicine Lodge, and that is where they were sent. My predecessor left me no documents and consequently I was going to get all that were coming to me. The statement sent out by Long that I had telegraphed to have them delivered to some one in Washington, he couldn't find out who, was a petty political trick."

Mr. Simpson has been on the floor of the house several days shaking hands with old friends among the members. He was very popular while in congress, and all his old friends were glad to see him. He was, and is yet, a great favorite with the newspaper men of the gallery. When Jerry first came to congress there were many hatpans and self-satisfied members who thought to have fun at his expense.

He quickly broke them of that habit. House men soon learned that they must be careful where they took hold of Jerry, and how they picked him up. They couldn't stroll up to his cage and grope around and pull Jerry out by the foreleg, or the ear, or the side of the face. Two or three who essayed something of this sort got badly nipped.

Payne, of New York, a pompous, dry drollish fellow was making a tariff speech. Jerry asked him a question he couldn't answer, no great feat, by the way. Payne, however, was cut by the question, and made a retort at once evasive and patronizing.

"If I were inclined to be rude, Mr. Speaker," said Payne, "I'd answer the gentleman's very foolish query by asking him if his ancestors were monkeys."

"In which case," replied Jerry, surveying Payne with calm phlegm, "I should reply as did the elder Dumas, when a French fool asked him the same question. I should tell you 'Yes, Your family ends where mine began.'"

"And lastly, Mr. Speaker, this gentleman from Kansas, without using that term exactly but practically the same, has charged me with being a fool."

"Bang!" came Crisp's gavel. "The time of the gentleman from Tennessee has expired," said Crisp.

"I move the gentleman's time be extended ten minutes, Mr. Speaker," said Jerry, "and he'll prove what I charge."

This may illustrate the quick humor of Jerry. He was being urged to offer a resolution to the effect that the United States and consider how far it would be practicable to put a price on Canada, and other British possessions in America and buy them as we did Alaska.

"I've no hesitation about offering the resolution," said Jerry, with a laugh, "but when I do I know what they'll say."

"What comment could be made?"

"Why," said Jerry, "I was born in Nova Scotia, and as soon as I offer the resolution a howl will go up. See that fool. He is trying to buy his birthplace and make it American ground, so as to crawl under the constitution put up against foreign born folks running for the presidency. They say I'm after the White house."

Jerry will get back to Kansas in about three weeks to "put in his corn," as he says, and also to sow the seeds which he hopes will ripen into congressional fruit.

M. F. M.

SPAIN AGOG.

Thousands of Republicans Through the Streets of Madrid

Shouting: Down With the King, Long Live the Republic.

ONE OF THEIR NUMBER

Shot Down by Gens d' Armes in the Street.

Twelve Thousand Men Attend the Funeral.

RETURN EN MASSE

And Overawe the Police in Front of the Palace.

Madrid in Terror and Troops Are Scarce.

MADRID, Feb. 8.—The greatest excitement prevails here over the demonstrations of Republicans, which have been more imposing and pronounced the past few days than ever before in the history of the kingdom.

The city yesterday was the scene of a demonstration that would have required but very little to have turned it into a serious riot.

As told on Tuesday last, a number of men hoisted Gen. Campos as he was driving to his residence from the railway station, on his return from Cuba.

A number were arrested and one of them broke away from the gens d'armes who had him, and sought to make his escape. The gens d'armes fired twice at him and killed him. The shooting was bitterly condemned by the republicans.

The funeral of the victim took place yesterday and was attended by great crowds. Fully 12,000 men, most of whom were republicans marched to the cemetery shouting, "Down with the king," "Down with the police," "Down with Campos," and "Long Live the Republic."

The government anticipated trouble, and there was a strong display of gens d'armes who, however, appeared to be afraid to interfere with the procession in any way, lest they provoke a riot. Consequently the crowd shouted itself hoarse until the cemetery was reached when the great assembly stood with bared heads until the funeral rites had been completed.

The greater part of the crowd then dispersed, but 3,000 of the number again formed in line and marched back unmolested to the royal palace, in front of which they gathered unmolested and shouted, "Death to the king," "Death to the Queen Regent," "Long Live the Republic."

When the palace guards seemed to be intimidated by the sullen temper of the mob and made no attempt to drive them away. After partly venting their anger against the king and his mother the crowd marched to the residence of Gen. Campos, where a similar demonstration of disapproval was made.

The apathy of the police, which was unquestionably due to fear, was significant. So far as is known the civil authorities made no requisition to the military for aid in dispersing the mob.

The crowd committed no overt acts, contenting themselves with shouting and hooting but they were very evidently in a humor to fight had they been interfered with.

After darkness had set in last night it was proposed to gather under the windows of the hotel at which were stopping a number of republican delegates who had come to Madrid especially to attend the funeral of the victims of gens d'armes and serenade them.

The police in the meantime mustered their courage and told the leaders the serenade would not be allowed. The crowd, after insisting upon caution and the plan, finally listened to the leaders and dispersed.

Today demonstrations have been renewed, but not on so large a scale as yesterday; the capital is in a state of more or less terror, particularly as there is a scarcity of troops, the best regiments being in Cuba.

CAN'T LET UP ON TRILBY.

Now a Comedy Opera is to Be Written on the Theme.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Paul Potter, who of late has been much entertained in London artistic circles, is now in Paris making arrangements with Henri Cain to write a comedy opera on the story of "Trilby."

"Trilby" still continues the popular rage at the Haymarket theater here. It is almost certain that the piece will continue to hold the boards for an entire year, if not longer.

Pointer For the E. C. Sunday Sun.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Joseph R. Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, was today sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$2,000, for circulating through the mails indecent matter contained in the daily issues of his newspaper.

More Railroads For Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 8.—Gen. Escobedo has applied for a concession to build a railway to unite the principal cities of states of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Chihuahua. A colonization concession has been granted for the states of Chihuahua and Tabasco.

Apology From Danraven.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Saturday Review today mentions a rumor to the effect that a fitting and ample apology from Lord Danraven to the New York Yacht club is already on its way to the United States.

Prize Fighters Get a New Trial.

Forrell and Johnson, the prize fighters, were granted a new trial by the supreme court this afternoon.

DISGRACEFUL.

Today there came an explanation of the charges of drunkenness that have been made against some of the members of the metropolitan police force.

The private cellar of Frank Durein at the corner of Fifth and Kansas avenues has been the object of visits from members of the force and Mr. Durein is angry and says he will show no mercy.

Mr. Durein says that night before last Patrolmen Hobson and Johnson and Special Officer Halsek took some of his beer to the police station where it was drunk by members of the force. Mr. Durein says that the raids on his cellar have been going on for two months or more.

To a JOURNAL reporter today Mr. Durein said: "I get my beer by the barrel from Kansas City for my own use, and I sometimes had a whole barrel at a time in the cellar. I have been wondering where the beer went, and on one or two occasions I found the door of the cellar open."

"At others I found some cats I have in the cellar on the outside in the morning and I became suspicious. This morning Sergeant Ellison came to me and told me the boys had been taking my beer and asked me to not say anything about it. He apologized and said the boys would pay me for the beer they had taken. I told him that would not do. That the police had not showed me any mercy and I was not under any obligation to them. I have never lost any thing in this town, except by the metropolitan police."

Chief Wilkerson was asked about the matter but was reluctant to talk about it. "I am satisfied," said he, "that there is something in the charges and they will be thoroughly discussed and investigated by the police commissioners to-night. This is a most unfortunate affair and it was first called to my attention a day or two ago."

Night Jailer Hopkins was seen at his home at the corner of Twelfth and Kansas avenues. He said: "The beer was brought to the station by Officers Hobson, Johnson and Halsek, and the night jailer, and I never saw beer drunk at the station but once before. When the last beer was drunk, Sergeant Ellison was not at the station. He was at home sick."

Clean out the police force!

M'KEESPOT HERALD FIRE

Just as the Paper Was Going to Press—Foreman Loses His Life.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 8.—An early morning fire at McKeesport, Pa., destroyed the Altmyer theatre, in which was the McKeesport Herald.

The fire started on the fifth floor of the Altmyer building and is supposed to have been caused by defective electric light wiring. The flames were discovered by the printers of the Herald as the fire began to eat its way through the sixth floor. The night's work had just been finished and the paper was about to go to press.

When the flames were seen a rush was made for the usual points of egress, but the stairways were already impassable. The only resources left were the windows and elevator shaft. All but G. M. Barton, the foreman, succeeded in sliding down the rope. His escape was cut off and he was burned to death.

The loss on the Altmyer theater building and the Herald plant is estimated at \$175,000 and on the other buildings \$25,000.

CLEVELAND AFTER DUCKS.

The President in Virginia—The Party Gets Thirteen.

QUINTICO, Va., Feb. 8.—The president aboard the light house tender Maple arrived here about 2:15 this morning. The Maple proceeded down the river and dropped anchor about a mile below Col. Withers excellent blinds. At 6 o'clock the president had eaten a hasty breakfast and accompanied by Commodore Lamberton of the president's party and Col. Wright Rives of the United States army, who is a guest of Col. Waters, were rowed out to the blinds. They had been in the blinds for nearly an hour before the sport commenced as three dippers came near the blinds to inspect the decoys the party got two of them.

At noon the unlucky number of thirteen ducks had been killed. The president and his party left late this afternoon, weather permitting.

WYANDOTTE BANK FAILS.

Bank of Kansas City, Kan., in Charge of Commissioner Breidenthal.

Bank Commissioner Breidenthal was this morning notified that the Bank of Kansas City, Kan., has closed its doors and he was asked to come and take possession.

Commissioner Breidenthal does not understand the failure as the December statement of the bank showed it to have but \$12,478.38 liabilities while its assets were over \$36,000.

W. G. Porter, Jr., is cashier and manager of the bank. Commissioner Breidenthal went to Kansas City this afternoon to take charge of the Bank.

WON'T BE HANGED.

In the supreme court today an opinion was given refusing to order the warden to hang the murderers of Kinsley's mayor.

Will Be Fair Tomorrow.

The weather men fail to tell us today whether the weather will be cold or warm tomorrow, only stating that it will be generally fair. Along all lines of the Santa Fe in Kansas today the weather is reported clear and cool. On the western, Horton and Herlington divisions of the Rock Island, a cloudiness is reported. Clear weather exists on all other divisions.

Bimetallism in Europe.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 8.—The central agricultural association has presented a petition to parliament in favor of bimetallism and begging the government to bring the matter to the notice of the foreign governments.

BROUGHT HOME.

The Shocking Murder of Poor Pearl Bryan

Brings Grief and Horror to Two Topeka Homes.

TERRIBLE DISCOVERY.

Mrs. E. N. Yates and Mrs. W. S. Hamrick

Of This City Find That the Murdered Girl

IS THEIR SISTER.

Who Resided With Her Father, A. S. Bryan,

At Greencastle, Ind.—Fresh Developments Today.

Pearl Bryan the young woman whose headless body was found in a field in the Kentucky highlands about a half mile south of Fort Thomas last Saturday morning has two married sisters residing in Topeka.

They are Mrs. E. N. Yates of 118 West Sixth street and Mrs. W. S. Hamrick of North Topeka and they and their families are almost heartbroken over the horrible affair.

For a week the papers all over the United States have been full of the finding of Miss Pearl Bryan's headless body in Kentucky near Cincinnati.

When her body was found there was no clue but a shoe, a corset and a woman's check dress. The shoe was traced to a firm in Greencastle, Indiana, and in that way it was learned that the body was that of the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Bryan, prominent and highly respectable citizens of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan supposed their daughter had gone to Indianapolis to visit her friend Katie Fisher and they did not learn that she was not there until two days after the murder.

The story of the discovery of the murder and the subsequent arrest of Scott Jackson, a medical student of the Ohio state university, and of William Wood, a son of Rev. D. A. Wood, Methodist presiding elder, are now familiar to the readers of the daily papers.

Scott Jackson, the dental student has now made a confession in which he implicates Alonzo M. Walling and Walling and Jackson have been making confessions ever since, one of which appears on the second page of this paper.

When seen by a STATE JOURNAL reporter today Mrs. Yates, a sister of the murdered girl said: "We are almost heart broken over the affair. We have been watching the story of the awful murder in the papers and some days ago we came to the conclusion that the Pearl Bryan referred to was none other than my youngest sister."

"I am the oldest of the family and she is the youngest, she is a few months younger than my son, Eugene. Yesterday we received news from home that confirmed our suspicions. My father's family are highly connected in Putnam county, Indiana, and the families of the young men implicated in this horrible affair are all highly respected people and most of them are connected with De Pauw university."

"Will Woods' mother is my own cousin and it is especially hard to understand his part in the matter."

Mrs. Yates' manner was very much agitated, and the reporter did not press her for further details.

Mr. Bryan, the father of the murdered girl, has visited in Topeka many times, but he never lived here. A brother of the young woman was here several years ago, and for a time clerked in N. F. Conkle's dry goods store in North Topeka.

DEATH BY COCAINE.

Pearl Bryan Now Known to Have Been Murdered With the Drug.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8.—The slow process of solution of the Pearl Bryan murder mystery now points to Thursday night as the night of the murder and to the use of cocaine as a means to the vile end. Druggist Ulen on West Sixth street has notified the police that on Wednesday before the murder Jackson called at his place and asked for a drachm of cocaine.

The druggist had not so large a quantity on hand, but told Jackson that if he would call later he would supply him. He did return later, but not having money enough to pay for a drachm, took a less quantity. Jackson admits the purchase, but says he gave it to Walling.

Jackson persistently says he did not see Pearl after Wednesday, although the newspaper, Wallingford says Jackson and a woman corresponding in appearance to the description of Pearl Bryan were at his saloon together on Friday night.

Jackson spoke with regret of his inability to remember how he spent Wednesday night, although he could tell clearly about where he was on both Wednesday and Friday nights.

The landlady where he roomed accounts for him up to about 10:30 when he went to his room, but she cannot tell whether he remained in the house after that time or not. There is no trace yet found of a stopping place for Pearl Bryan after she left the Indiana House on Wednesday.

Since Jackson confessed yesterday to the clergy he has become very zealous in his devotions. He is reading the Bible today and wrote his mother at Greencastle, Ind., a letter which was intended to cheer her up. The officers ascertained that this letter agreed with the confession made last night in which he said he advised Wood to send Pearl Bryan here and then secured Walling for the operation. In addition to the large number of friends of the different families that arrived from Greencastle, Ind., yesterday, there are others for today. Mrs. Stanley, a sister of Pearl Bryan arrived today and after viewing the body, identified it in many respects, no further identification was needed. Mrs. Stanley insisted on the remains being delivered to the undertaker from her home, who was with her. The officers refused to give the body to the family until next Monday.

Meantime the search will be kept up for the head and if it is not found by Monday, then an inquest will be held and the body turned over to the family. The officers are continuing their search for the head today, in the sewers, the Dayton sandbar and elsewhere and have a large number of working men employed.

The officers today secured the original copy of a letter from Jackson to William Woods, in which Jackson outlined a letter for Woods to write to Mrs. Bryan and sign the name of Pearl. This letter was to be sent to a trusted friend at Lafayette named Smith, who was to put it in the postoffice at that place and leave the Bryan family under the impression that Pearl had gone to Lafayette and that her whereabouts afterwards might not be traced. The letter shows that the plot had been contemplated for weeks and that Wood was connected with Jackson.

Fred W. Maxwell, of Dayton, Ky., on last Monday saw a man get off the street car with a package and proceed towards the Dayton sand bar. Today Maxwell visited the city prison and identified Walling among other prisoners as the man who had taken the package to the sand bar.

Will Woods Spirited Away

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—A special to the News from Greencastle, Ind., says: Will Wood arrested for complicity in the Pearl Bryan murder, was released on a \$5,000 bail, reached Greencastle late last night and was kept in hiding.

Excitement there became so intense that friends of his father, presiding elder of the M. E. church, notified him that there was danger of his being lynched. He and the young man hurried to the station and left on a morning train. It is said they went to Cincinnati.

BEGIN TO CATCHER.

Pugilist Peter Maher Arrives at El Paso.

Gov. Thornton of New Mexico Gets In

ON THE SAME TRAIN.

Thornton Accused of Being in Collusion

With Dan Stuart to Bring About the Fight.

El Paso, Feb. 8.—After a stay here over night, Gov. Thornton left this morning for Santa Fe. The governor got in from Las Cruces on the train that brought Peter Maher to town last night, and curiously enough the pair took the same train out of here this morning.

Sheriff Ascarate, who accompanied the fighter to El Paso, returned with him to Las Cruces this morning and was advised by the governor that his vigilance was unnecessary as the federal government had relieved him of all responsibility in the matter.

Just where the governor obtains this interpretation of the law is not known here, lawyers arguing that under the new federal act the government must be called upon by the local territorial governors for assistance in suppressing fights before the troops can be ordered out.

Horace Leeds the Atlantic City man, who is to meet Jack Burdhardt got in this morning with Captain Glori and with his arrival every fighter who is to take part in the six battles is on the ground. Sam Austin of New York temporary stakeholder now enroute wires that he will turn over the money insuring the purses to the stakeholder, Lawler, at Houston tomorrow morning and continue on here.

George Siler the referee arrives in the morning from Chicago. Governor Ahumada of Chihuahua, is expected at Juarez today. The quiet town is in holiday attire to receive him. His excellency's arrival it is understood, is to look over the Mexican border lines with a view to protecting Mexican territory against invasion by the pugilists.

Severe Charge Against Thornton

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Delegates Catron, of New Mexico, is greatly displeased at the impression that he was acting under the advice of Gov. Thornton of New Mexico, I believe that prevent prize fighting in the territory. Mr. Catron not only denies that he has received the governor's co-operation, but makes the direct charge that the governor abetted Dan Stuart in his efforts to bring off the fight. Mr. Catron made the following statement to the Associated Press: "The statement has been published substantially that the action by me on the prize fighting bill was in the advice and aid of Governor Thornton. Governor Thornton never consulted with me, never advised me nor requested me to do anything in regard to that subject. From information which I have received from New Mexico, I believe that Governor Thornton, while pretending that he would like to stop the fight was actually acting in collusion with Dan Stuart, in order to have the fight come off, had advised Stuart that there was no law in New Mexico which would enable him or authorities to stop the fight and substantially informed Stuart that the fight might go on although he could not openly consent."

As soon as the bill had been signed last night, the officials here telegraphed to the United States attorney in New Mexico to see that the law was enforced.

VOLCANO IN CALIFORNIA.

Smoke Seen Coming Out of a Mountain Near San Bernardino.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Feb. 8.—From Mount Taunkquit, a spur of the San Jacinto mountain range, smoke has been seen coming out of a volcano, situated about twelve miles from the town of San Jacinto, a column of vapor can be plainly seen arising from the highest point and that it looks nearly as white as snow.